MECHANICS

转动惯量的性质



转动惯量的性质



刚体对z轴的转动惯量:

$$J_z = \sum m_i r_i^2$$

- J₂与质量有关
- ■还与质量相对于轴的分布有关
- ■与刚体的运动状态无关
- 刚体对任一与之固连的轴的转动惯量都是 一个**常量**。
- J_z恒为正值。

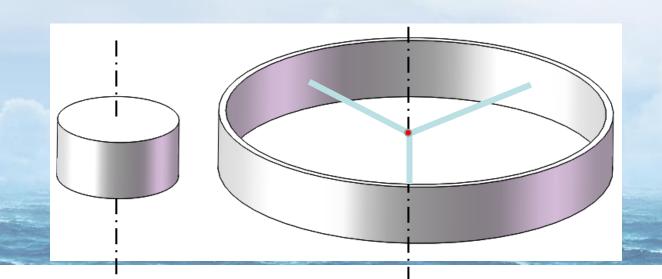


刚体对z轴的转动惯量:

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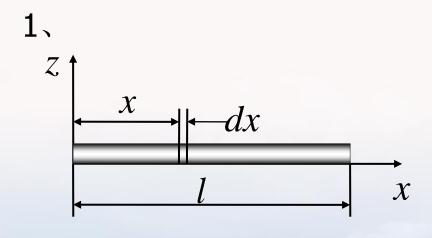
如果刚体的质量是连续分布,

$$J_z = \int_M r^2 dm$$





几种简单图形的转动惯量:



$$J_z = \frac{Ml^2}{3}$$

设杆的质量为M单位长度的杆的质量为M/l

$$dm = \frac{M}{l} dx$$

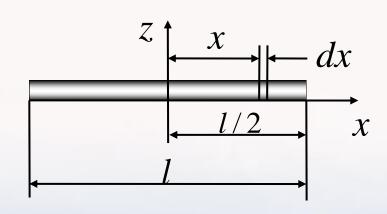
$$J_z = \int_l x^2 dm$$

$$= \int_0^l x^2 \frac{M}{l} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ml^2}{3}$$



2、



$$J_z = \frac{Ml^2}{12}$$

设杆的质量为M单位长度的杆的质量为M/l

$$dm = \frac{l}{M} dx$$

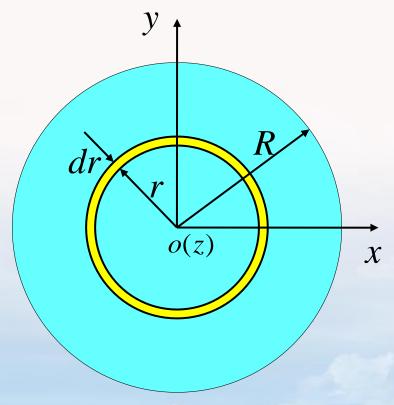
$$J_z = \int_l x^2 dm$$

$$= \int_{-l/2}^{l/2} x^2 \frac{M}{l} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ml^2}{12}$$



3′



$$J_z = \frac{MR^2}{2}$$

圆盘的质量为M

圆盘单位面积的质量为 $M/\pi R^2$

$$dm = \frac{M}{\pi R^2} dS$$

$$= \frac{M}{\pi R^2} \cdot 2\pi r \cdot dr$$

$$J_z = \int_m r^2 dm = \int_0^R r^2 \cdot \frac{M}{\pi R^2} \cdot 2\pi r \cdot dr$$
$$-\frac{MR^2}{2\pi R^2}$$